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#### MISSION

The Acoustic Neuroma Association, the premier resource to the Acoustic Neuroma community, informs, educates and supports those affected by Acoustic Neuroma brain tumors.

### What Does the Acoustic Neuroma Association Do?

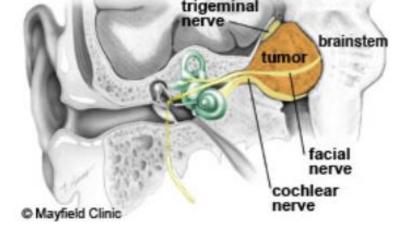
The Acoustic Neuroma Association provides information and support to patients who have been diagnosed with an acoustic neuroma. Patient founded in 1981, ANA is a non-profit organization with 501(c)(3) status and is supported by contributions from its members.



## Fast Facts about ANA

- Patient founded in 1981
- More than 4,500 members worldwide
- More than 19,000 Notes newsletters distributed annually to members
- Distributes 7,200 patient information booklets annually
- Webinar Series impacting 4,000 AN patients provides presentations by AN medical professionals
- Complimentary info packets sent to 1,200 people worldwide annually
- Approximately 130 Support Group meetings held each year
- More than 2,000 people attend Support Group meetings each year
- Nearly 8,000 ANA Website Discussion Forum members
- 50-member **AN**etwork, *Nationwide Peer Support Program*, provides comfort and support to patients, family members and caregivers
- Offers individuals the opportunity to participate in acoustic neuroma research and studies with respected institutions





# What is an Acoustic Neuroma?

An acoustic neuroma, known as a vestibular schwannoma, is a benign (non-cancerous) growth that arises on the eighth cranial nerve leading from the brain to the inner ear. This nerve has two distinct parts, one part associated with transmitting sound and the other with sending balance information to the brain from the inner ear.

# Important Points to Know About an Acoustic Neuroma

- An acoustic neuroma, also called a vestibular schwannoma, is a rare, benign tumor of the hearing and balance nerves.
- It is usually slow growing and expands at its site of origin (1.5mm/yr).
- The cause is unknown.
- The most common first symptom is hearing loss in the tumor ear.
- The treatment options are observation, surgical removal or radiation.
- Pre- and post-surgery patients deal with many complications including hearing loss, tinnitus, balance problems, facial issues, headaches and more.